# Collaborative Software

Ben Bederson CMSC434 - Intro to HCI Spring 2011

Slides (slightly) modified from Scott Klemmer

### Questions?

www.CourseEvalUM.umd.edu

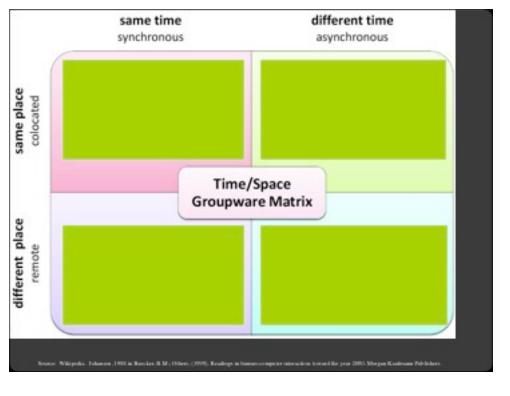
No class May 9

HOF/S presenters upload slides, but no presentation

Presentations next week in order on website



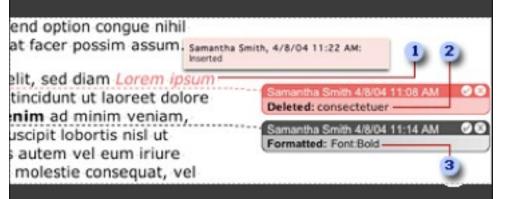
(How) can we design software to facilitate collaboration?



### Different time / different place

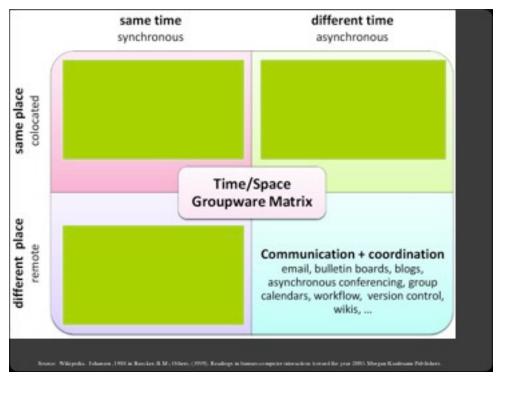
- · Communication + Coordination
- · Wiki
- Blogs
- · Workflow
- Version Control
- · Shared participation over time
- · Geographically world wide
- Traditional focus of "CSCW" work

## Track Changes



### Document Collaboration

- How many of you have used Google Docs to collaborate on document?
- Can range from same time to different time, depending on use case
- Challenge: make it more than just Microsoft Word with the network added



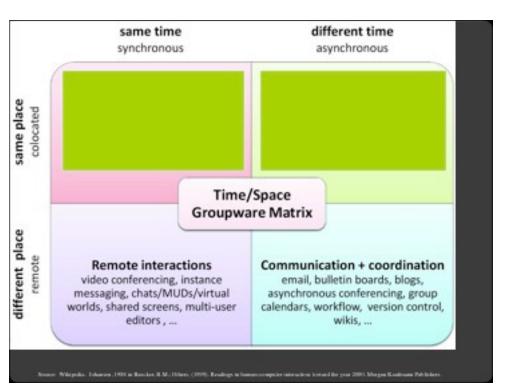
### Same time / different place

- · Remote interaction
- · Video-Conferencing,
- · Real-time groupware
- Messaging (Instant messaging, Email)
- Virtual worlds
- Multi-User editors
- Shared Screen (vnc)
- Multi-user participation
- Nonverbal cues

# Example: recent enhancements in same time / different place

Skype 1.0



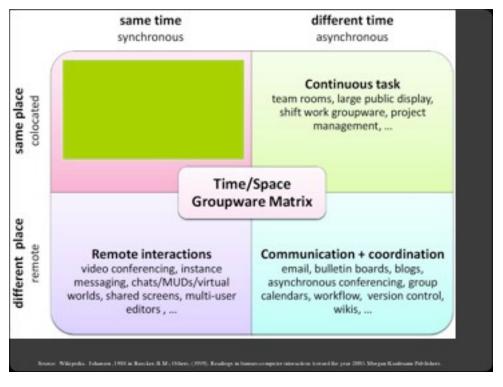


## Different time / same place

- · Continuous task
- Team rooms
- · Large displays

Scorer Whipped





### Same time / same place

- Face to face interaction
- Roomware
- Shared tables, wall displays
- Group Decision Support Systems (GDSS)
- · Single display groupware

# The original example: same time / same place

With "PowerPoint Slides"

Without "Slides"



lessons. http://www.pronantal.ion.nes.aven/protectalismane/2006/03/index.html

### Example : same time / same place





Microsoft Surface

Some Microsoft Budian, http://www.extennell.com/soften

### Single Display Groupware









#### same time

synchronous

#### different time

asynchronous

#### Face to face interactions

decision rooms, single display groupware, shared table, wall displays, roomware, ...

#### Continuous task

team rooms, large public display, shift work groupware, project management, ...

#### Time/Space Groupware Matrix

#### Remote interactions

video conferencing, instance messaging, chats/MUDs/virtual worlds, shared screens, multi-user editors, ...

#### Communication + coordination

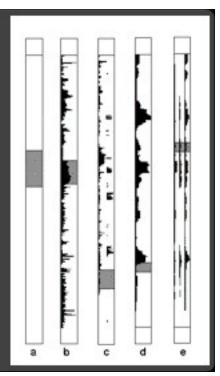
email, bulletin boards, blogs, asynchronous conferencing, group calendars, workflow, version control, wikis, ...

Source: Wiki police: Telegram, 1985 in Sancton S. M.; Others (1999). Readings in learners computer interactions between the year 2000. Margan Kantenann Publisher.

## same place colocated

Beyond Being There

History Enriched Digital Objects



### What succeeds today?

- Collocation for tightly coupled work
  - because you get common ground and rapid rich interaction for free
- Remote work that is loosely coupled
  - because it doesn't require high interaction
  - use video and other high bandwidth to overcome loss of common ground
  - travel often
- Ideally some initial face-to-face meetings

### Distance Work will Only Increase

- 67% of companies anticipate increased reliance on virtual teams
  - 80% for companies with 10,000+ employees
- 35% of respondents rated difficulty of management as top challenge for virtual teams
- 92% said trust is critical for virtual teams
  - Survey by featifacte for Corporate Productivity

### Geographic dispersion & software development

- Software outsourcing is increasingly common
- But software development takes longer when performed by geographically distributed teams
  - Compare software development efficiency, when all developers are at one location or distributed across sites
  - Two different software development organizations
  - Time to complete an "MR" (Modification Request)

	Team type		
ite Ratio	Multiple site	Single site	Study
2.7 2.5	12.7	5.0	Herbsleb
7.2 2.0	97.2	48.2	Espinosa
	01.12	tart to completion	100000000000000000000000000000000000000

## Collocation supports awareness & increased frequency of communication

- Visual information supports information pickup without explicit communication ->
  - · Common ground
  - · Trust
  - · Opportunities for communication
  - · Identification of appropriate times for communication
- Examples of walking down corridor

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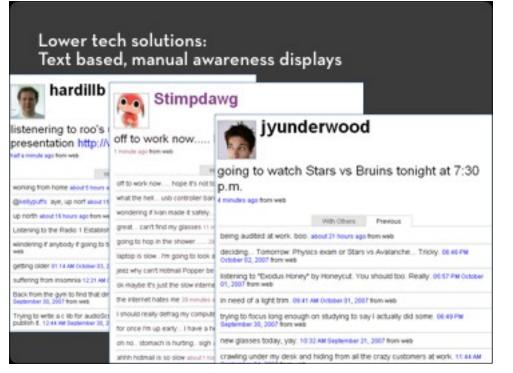
## Live video to support informal interaction

- Early systems for distributed work tried to leverage affordances of the visual channel
  - · Video Window
  - Montage
- » Pretty consistently ineffective

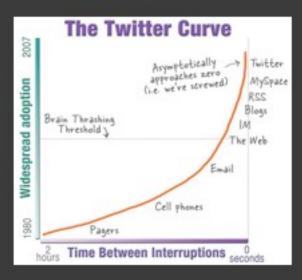
### Change the metaphor

Goal should be to support the functions of collocation and not the form

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### Raises it own problems



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### Some fundamental shifts are occurring in practice

- Highly distributed work groups have been successful by not striving for the collocation ideal
  - Wikipedia,
    - > 500,000 successful articles
    - Each written by 10s 1000s of editors & large time periods
    - Coordination via the malleable & revertible artifact
    - Coordination thru text linked to the artifact
  - Open source software
    - Highly distributed teams
    - Task decomposition
    - Database driven production, with formalization to reduce the need for direct interpersonal communication
- Maybe the comparison with collocated work is fundamentally misleading. Fundamentally new structures are possible...

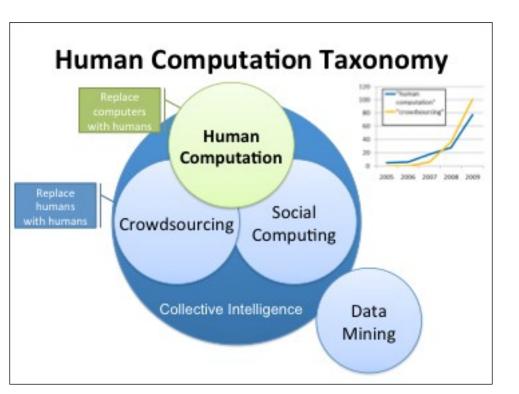
# Wisdom of the Crowds (Surowiecki)

#### · Tasks:

- · At predicting the future (prediction markets)
- At solving tough problems (InnoCentive)
- At collecting / filtering info (Digg, Delicious, Twitter)
- At democratizing production (Wikipedia)
- At doing work (GWAP)

#### Motivations:

- · Pay (Amazon Mechanical Turk)
- Fun/reputation (GWAP, StackOverflow)
- Was doing it anyway (Re-captcha, Fold.it)
- Altruism (anonymous blog comments)



## Challenges

- Disparity of benefit between worker and requester
- · Motivation must scale
- Balance openness with quality / malicious behavior
- · Integrate / aggregate information